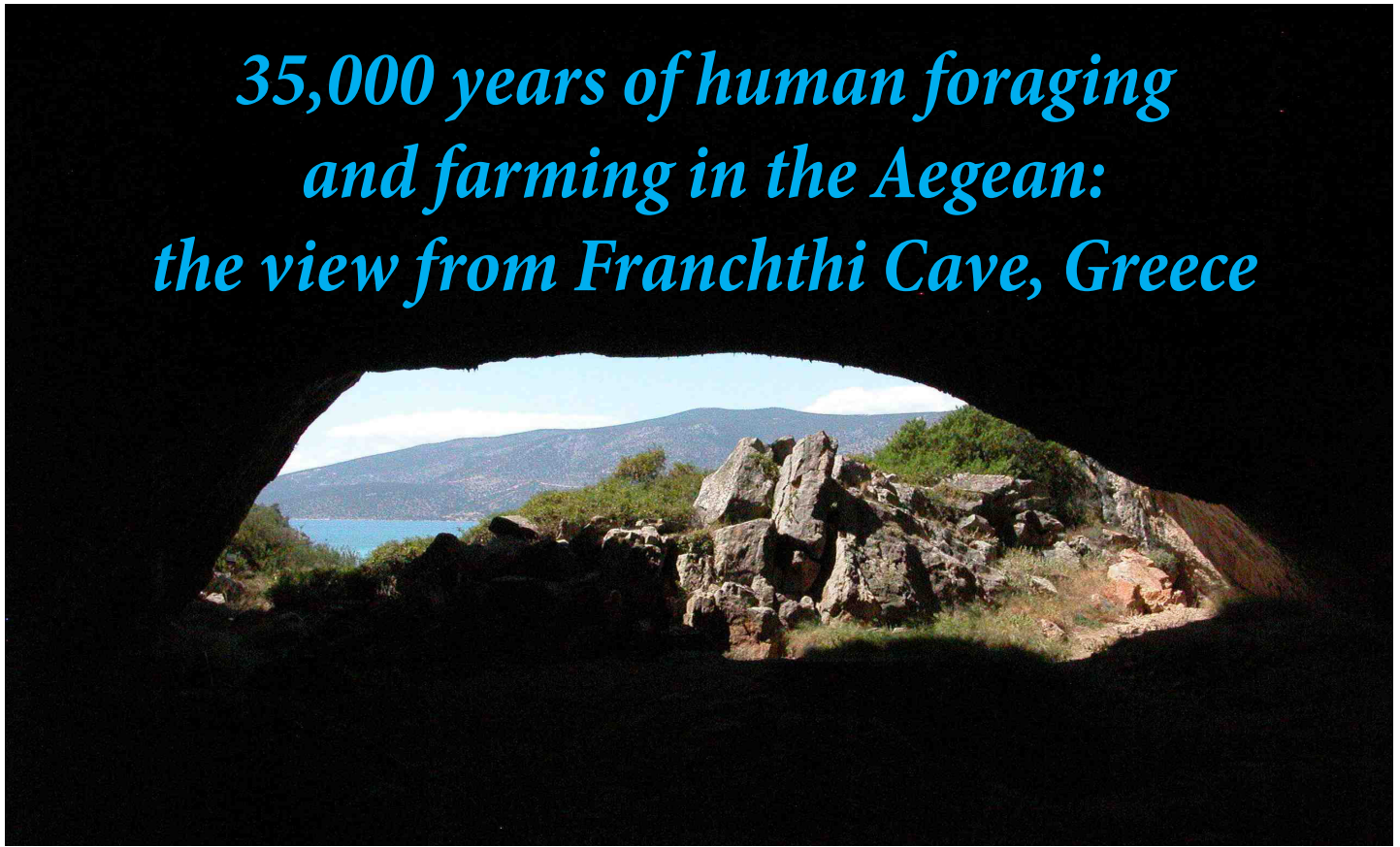


Natalie Munro (Anthropology)

UConn Humanities Institute Fellows' Public Talk
DECEMBER 8, 2015 -- 4:00-5:30 PM
AUSTIN 301

35,000 years of human foraging and farming in the Aegean: the view from Franchthi Cave, Greece



The archaeological site of Franchthi Cave is unique in its long temporal span that encapsulate formative events leading up to and across the transition to agriculture. Munro's talk investigates three transitions at Franchthi including socioeconomic reorganization and increased social complexity in Late Pleistocene hunter-gatherer societies (20,000-8000 years BP), the nature of the transition to agriculture (ca 8,000 years BP) and the evolution of herd animal economies and the organization of labor in small-scale agricultural villages (7,000-3,500 years BP).

Natalie Munro is a professor of Anthropology at the University of Connecticut. She is an archaeozoologist who studies the transition from forager to farmer societies in the eastern Mediterranean using ancient animal remains. Munro had published widely in peer-reviewed journals including *Science*, *PNAS*, *Current Anthropology* and *the Journal of Human Evolution*. She has active research projects in Turkey, Israel, Jordan and Greece.